

## **OVERVIEW OF THE STANDARD CONTENT OF AN OBC/FBC**

INFRASTRUCTURE CONCESSION REGULATORY COMMISSION





# **Presentation Outline**

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Why prepare an OBC?.
- 3. Why prepare an FBC?
- 4. Key Principles
- 5. Contents of an OBC
- 6. Contents of an FBC
- 7. Conclusion

# Objective(s)



"The objective is to demostrate the technical, economic, and financial viability of any identified project(s) as PPP projects, through the generation of an Outline Business Case"

"And to provide a basis for requesting and granting of approvals for project before contract signing"

### Why prepare an Outline Business case?



- Ensures that the project is **designed in accordance** with identified needs and is the most suitable technical solution for those needs;
- Provides **information about costs** (explicit and hidden), and provides an assessment of **financial viability** and impact on MDA's budget without disruptions to other activities;
- Allows for the identification, quantification, mitigation and allocation of **risks associated with the project life cycle**;
- Completes the resettlement plan as well as the ethnic minority plan (if relevant); completes the Consultation Plan;
- Documents all consultation completed for the project;

### Why prepare a Full Business Case?



Before awarding the contract to the preferred tenderer, there is the need to seek approval from government.

• A Full Business Case (FBC) is prepared for seeking approval prior to subsequent award of contract.

The Full Business Case should:

- report on the conclusions of the Request for Proposal and set out the full scope and cost of the project;
- be a supporting document to a public sector client's submission once a preferred tenderer has been selected;
- include a qualitative assessment of the preferred tenderer and a Full PSC comparison against the preferred tender to conform that best value for money is achievable; and
- provide government with an indication of the public sector client's forward plan for proceeding with the project and finalizing a contract with the preferred tenderer.

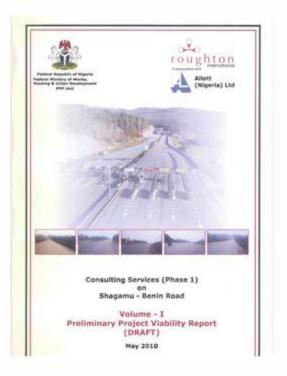
# **Key Principles**

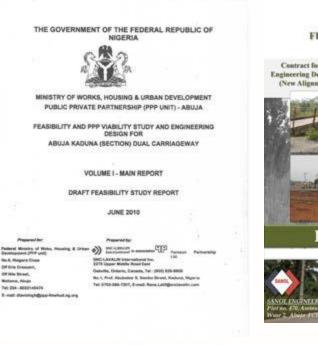


- Be Concise and To The Point
- Speak the Language of Decision Makers
- Illustrate
- Substantiate
- Consistency



## Be concise and to the point





FEDERAL MENISTRY OF WORKS PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP ABUJA

Contract for Transaction Advisory Services for Viahility Study and Engineering Designs for Kalama-Bahama-Kaoje-Gwambu-Fokku-Sokoto (New Alignment) in Kwara, Kebbi, Niger and Sokoto States – A PPP



#### **Preliminary Report**

September 2011

NOL ENGINEERING CONSULTING LEE of an PD, Anton & Key, Desert at 2, Addet FCT, Nyrriz at 2, Addet FCT, Nyrriz

320 Pages

360 Pages

#### 620 Pages

# Why OBCs?



- Includes the project specific land acquisition; and
- Considers whether or not the project is affordable to the government and or the end user of the services in terms of explicit and contingent fiscal obligations
- Consider how the project will be structured;
- Contain a financial model establishing key investment ratios and capable of running
- scenario and sensitivity analyses
- Identify constraints which may cause the project to be halted and
- Ensure that the project is developed around a proper business plan; and has been subject to a due diligence that shows it is legally, technically and socially compliant.

## Why an OBC?



- Develop a Comprehensive Understanding of all Aspects of the Project including Technical, Legal, Social, Environmental and Financial aspects
- Basis of the Investment Decision for all Parties
- Basis for obtaining Approval from Economic Management Team and Federal Executive Council
- Key Principles



### **OBC Report Content**



- Introduction, Executive summary
- Introduction Project background & Approach and methodology to the OBC study
- Strategic and Local Context of Project, Policy context and strategic objectives
- Needs analysis (including future demand and sensitivity to economic/social factors)
- Service objectives and performance measures
- Project Appraisal (Cost/Benefit Analysis)
- Technical cost estimation (capital, maintenance, operating)
- Social and environmental impact costs and benefits, Traffic and revenue projections
- Risk Analysis Identification and categorization of risks, Risk register with risk analysis and quantification, Proposed risk allocation
- Financial and Economic Appraisal, Financial model and sensitivity analysis
- Assessment of economic and financial viability
- Options Analysis Assessment of alternative forms of both conventional procurement and PPP, Evaluation of PPP options considered
- Recommendations on preferred option Key contractual terms, Implementation Recommendations
- Recommendations for further project preparation (feasibility studies, technical studies, due diligence, etc.), Proposed project timetable, Recommendations on procurement strategy and procedures



# Content of an FBC

- Executive Summary
- Project Objectives
- Financial Issues and Affordability
- Stakeholder Consultation
- Procurement Process and Competition
- Risk allocation and accounting treatment
- Contract and Payment Mechanisms

### **THANK YOU**





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