IMPROVING TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY IN PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS CONTRACTS

COUNTRY DIAGNOSTIC REPORT, DISCLOSURE FRAMEWORK AND DISCLOSURE WEB PORTAL

Cape Town, South Africa // November 2-3, 2017
Outline

- Nigeria – Infrastructure Challenge and the Future
- Introducing the ICRC
- WB Diagnostic Report
- Disclosure Framework
- Disclosure Web Portal
- PPPs in Nigeria
- Way Forward and Flagship Projects
“We also have a huge infrastructure deficit for which we require foreign capital and expertise to supplement whatever resources we can marshal at home. In essence, we seek public private partnerships in our quest for enhanced capital and expertise.”
Nigeria
Introducing...Nigeria centre of the world

POTENTIAL HUB FOR
- Global Finance
- Global Shipping
- ICT
- Aviation
- Etc
Africa’s Most Formidable CV – Past and Present

- Largest Economy in Africa, 26th - IMF 2016
- First TV Broadcast in Africa – WNTS 1959 IEEE Explore Library
- Mandela hid in Nigeria for 6 months to escape the Apartheid Regime – Vanguard Dec 2013 Chief Mbazulike Amaechi his host
- 2nd Longest Bridge in Africa (11.8 Kms) – 1990 World Atlas
- Largest Black Country in the World – 170 Million (1/5th of Africa’s Population)
- Largest Entrepreneurial Population in Africa, Large Mobile Phone User Base
- Third Largest Movie Industry in the World – NBS
- Diversifying Economy With Growing Non Oil Sector – 51% Services, Agric 22%, Industry 26%, Oil 15%
- Richest Man in Africa – Aliko Dangote – Forbes Nigerian Finder 2017
- Leading Destination for Investment in Africa – UNCTAD
- IF YOU ARE NOT IN NIGERIA, YOU ARE NOT IN AFRICA – Prince Alwaleed Saudi Arabia
Introducing the ICRC
The ICRC Overview & Mandate

- **Establishment:** ICRC was established under section 14 of the Infrastructure Concession Regulatory Commission Act of 2005.

- **Purpose:** The Act provides for the participation of private sector in Federal Govt. infrastructure development (financing, construction, development, operation and/or maintenance) through concession or contractual arrangements.

- **Mandate:** To provide an effective regulatory and institutional framework with which agencies of the Federal government can enter into partnership with the private sector for the provision of public services to ensure sustainable socio-economic development.
Functions of the Commission

- To Regulate infrastructure delivery partnerships as contemplated under section 1 of the Act.

- To take custody of all Concessions entered into by MDAs and monitor compliance with terms and Condition of the Contract Agreement, Section 20(a).

- Ensure efficient execution of any concession agreement or contract entered into by the Government, Section 20(b).

- Make regulations that are necessary or expedient for giving full effect to the provisions of the Act, Section 34.

- Ensure the application of the National Policy on PPP (N4P) which propagates:
PPP LIFECYCLE in line with National Policy

Development Phase

- Preliminaries
  - Transaction Adviser
    - Needs Analysis
    - PPP Options Appraisal
    - Value for Money
    - Affordability
    - Sustainability
    - Preliminary Risk Matrix
    - Viability/Bankability
    - VGF
    - OBC
    - OBC Approval by FEC

- Project Identification
- Project Prioritization
- Project Selection

Development Phase

- Procurement Phase
  - Transaction Adviser
    - EoI/RFQ Phase AND RFP
    - Bidding
    - Bidders Conference
    - Bid Evaluation
    - Value for Money Test
    - Preferred Bidder
    - Full Business Case
      - By FEC

- Implementation Phase
  - Independent Engineer
    - Monitor Design and Construction
    - Commissioning Test
    - Verify Output Requirements
    - Contract Management

Preparing and Implementing Efficient and Effective PPP Transactions
The Key PPP Principles Being Driven by ICRC

• **Value for Money**
  Ensure project appraisals take into account not only cost but also risks and service quality

• **Public interest**
  Adequate and prior consultation with end-users and other stakeholders of an infrastructure project as standard.

• **Output requirements**
  Concept of “verifiable service standards” to be used as basis for output or performance based specifications.

• **Transparency**
  Very high world class standards of public and corporate governance to enhance credibility and transparency.

• **Risk allocation**
  Risks allocated to the party best able to manage them.

• **Competition**
  Ensure business activities are subject to competition and appropriate commercial pressures, dismantling unnecessary barriers to entry, and implementing and enforcing adequate competition.

• **Capacity to deliver**
  Ensure authorities responsible for privately operated infrastructure have the capacity to manage the commercial processes involved and to partner on equal basis with their private sector counterparts.
WB Disclosure Diagnostic Report
Diagnostic Report

- Based on the World Bank Public-Private Partnerships (PPP) study in Nigeria between September 2016 and April 2017
- Diagnostic Report examined the political, legal, and institutional environment for disclosure in PPPs.

Findings:

Based on a gap assessment exercise benchmarked against the World Bank Framework, the report makes specific recommendations to improve contract disclosure in Nigeria.

Report suggested enhanced framework for disclosure of PPPs applicable to all federal government projects in Nigeria.

Suggested the need to move towards greater transparency and openness to facilitate investor confidence – *Current Government is doing*
Disclosure Framework
The Disclosure Framework

- The ICRC in collaboration with the World Bank Institute (WBI) seeks to ensure transparency in PPP contract implementation in Nigeria in line with global best practices.

- The Disclosure Framework document was designed to ensure all non-confidential information relating to PPP contracts are made available and easily accessible to members of the public.

- WBI assisted the Commission to design and implement clear and concise guidance for systematic disclosure of PPP project and contract information on a web portal hosted by the ICRC website.
the Buhari Administration will tackle corruption in all sectors of the economy and establish a sufficient tax culture. The Administration will encourage Public-Private Partnerships ensuring a transparent framework that reduces the bottlenecks in doing business.
Goals, Objectives and Expected Outcome

To further open up governance and entrench accountability and transparency in PPP transactions in the country.

**Goals**

- Design and implement clear and concise guidance for systematic disclosure of PPP projects and contract information

**Objectives**

- Education of all Stakeholders on important features of Contract Agreements (such as contracting parties, services expected to be provided and the time frame)
- Effectively use the public to monitor the developments and the implementatio of project by engendering public awareness and support to act as another form of checks and balances in the system

**Expected Outcome**

- Attain wider acceptance of PPPs by public and private sector stakeholders through increased public awareness of the benefits of PPP for public infrastructure delivery
- Strengthen private sector confidence in PPPs by institutionalising a process that will project the Commission’s core values of transparency, accountability and fairness in PPP procurement process
Application and Method of Disclosure

These Guidelines apply to all PPP Infrastructure procurement contracts procured by MDAs pursuant to Section 1 of ICRC Act.

Method of Disclosure:

i. **www.icrc.gov.ng** - The Commission’s website

ii. **www** Public entity’s website for disclosure of performance

iii. **Hard copy**: made available on request at the Commission’s office


v. **Limitations**: The Commission and MDAs are to ensure confidential information are redacted.
## Current Disclosure Practice in Nigeria

### CURRENT PPP DISCLOSURE PRACTICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOCUMENT/INFORMATION</th>
<th>PUBLISHED ON ICRC WEBSITE</th>
<th>PUBLISHED ON RELEVANT MDA WEBSITE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic project information</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>In some cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project appraisal report</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outline Business Case</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICRC/FEC reports at Outline Business Case stage</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full business case</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICRC/FEC reports at Full Business Case stage</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of successful bidder</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>In some cases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract documents</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Performance reports</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: The Country’s Diagnostic Report
The Need for Objective Disclosure

ICRC is the main repository of information of Federal PPP projects in the country.

ICRC regularly publishes news and general information on its website, on PPP activities, workshops, events, and basic information on legacy, ongoing, and under-consideration PPPs.

However, the information provided is limited to the project title and type, government agency responsible, name of the private concessionaire (where selected), and duration of the concession for the projects.

In recognition of this limitation the Commission Partnered with the World Bank to ensure adequate disclosure of PPP contract Information.

The Commission in collaboration with the World Bank consulted with MDAs, Concessionaires, Financiers, Civil Society Organisations and relevant stakeholders towards the actualisation of this exercise.
Elements of the World Bank Recommended Disclosure Framework for PPPs

- Strategic: security, safety
  - Public interest
  - Commercial sensitivity
  - Government negotiating position
  - Timing issues

- For RFP, contract documents
  - By reference to PPP Disclosure Guidelines/ template/ specific information

- Dynamic
  - Simple and short
  - Linked to objectives, uses, benefits
  - Cognizant of challenges, costs
  - Structured, consistent and exploitable data

- Proactive disclosure
  - Application to contracts/ PPP

- Pre- and post-procurement disclosure
  - Institution responsible for disclosure

- Elements to be disclosed
  - Timing of disclosure
  - Process, roles and responsibilities
  - Validation
## Timeline for Specific PPP Contract Disclosure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PPP project pipeline:</th>
<th>Basic project Information:</th>
<th>Project Milestone tracking:</th>
<th>Procurement information:</th>
<th>Contract documents: ICRC will place the signed PPP contract in the public domain within 30 days of signing of contract, after the redaction of confidential information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Approved project will be included in the published PPP project pipeline within 15 days from ICRC approval</td>
<td>To be provided within 15 days after issuance of the Certificate of Compliance for the Outline Business Case (OBC) by ICRC</td>
<td>Dates of achievement of key milestones will be provided as the project progresses in the form of a project milestones tracker.</td>
<td>Summary procurement information and key documents will be provided during the procurement process will be published within 15 days after approval</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 days</td>
<td>15 days</td>
<td>15 days</td>
<td>15 days</td>
<td>30 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What to Disclose

### Part 1: Basic Project Information

Basic project information expected to be disclosed, includes:

- Project name
- Location
- Sector
- Sponsoring agency
- Estimated project value
- Project need
- Description of asset and services to be provided
- Rationale for selecting the PPP mode
- Estimated dates of key milestones
- Estimated demand to be served annually
- Project additionality

### Part 2: Project Milestone Tracking

Project milestone tracking will include:

- Date of inclusion in the published projects pipeline
- Date of appointment of transaction advisors
- Date of issuance of OBC compliance certificate
- Date of OBC FEC approval
- Date of procurement milestones, such as EOI, prequalification of bidders, RFP,
- Date of contract signing
- Date of financial close
- Beginning of construction
- End of construction
What to Disclose

**Part 3: Procurement information**
- List of short-listed bidders
- EOI and RFP
- Disclosure of the preferred bidder and the reserved bidder
- Disclosure of FEC approval of the preferred bidder
- Value-for-money analysis report (extracted from FBC)

**Part 4: Contract Information**
- Financial structure of SPV
- Redacted PPP Contract
- Renegotiations and renegotiated contracts
- Performance information
Section 15 of the FOI Act 2011 provides for exemption of confidential information from public disclosure. The following elements are considered as confidential. These elements will be reviewed every 2-3 years for any modifications:

- Proposals or bids submitted by bidders
- Intellectual property
- The base case financial model by bidders
- Bid evaluation
- Trade secrets
Exempt Information

- **Privity of Contracts**
  
  “Each party agrees to hold in confidence for a period of five (5) years following the termination of the lease, any information supplied”

- **Exceptions**
  
  The provision of this clause shall not apply to:
  
  - Information already in public domain
  - Information lawfully in a party’s possession prior to receipt from disclosing party
  - Information received from a party having no obligation of confidentiality
  - Information, the revelation of which is required by Applicable Law
Disclosure Web Portal
The World Bank and the ICRC developed a dedicated web portal for the disclosure of all the PPP contracts information.

The portal will ensure timely disclosure of contract information from project initiation through to the implementation and hand-back phase of PPP projects to the Government.

The Disclosure exercise supports Mr. President’s, effort of institutionalizing transparency and accountability in the procurement of PPP projects in Nigeria.
The PPP Contract Disclosure Web Portal

- The onus for information generation and uploading on the web-based platform will be shared by ICRC, the contracting authority, and the private party to the contract.

- Information will be uploaded by the contracting authority and ICRC after redacting confidential information.

- The contracting authority will upload all information and documents in the web-based platform, so as to leave at least 7 days within the given timelines for ICRC to validate and approve the information for public disclosure.

- The PPP Contract Disclosure is hosted at www.ppp.icrc.gov.ng
Web Portal is Dynamic

- The web portal will be dynamic in nature
- More information is made available as the various projects progress
- Will be a respiratory of information of current happenings and events regarding PPPs in Nigeria.
Disclosure By Stage

- The portal can disclose projects by stage in the project lifecycle, Sector, and State (location of Project)

- The three project stages are:
  - Development stage
  - Procurement Stage
  - Implementation stage
Elements for Disclosure

The portal based on the framework clearly shows the various elements for disclosure depending on the stage the project is in. These elements are:

- BASIC PROJECT INFORMATION
- PROJECT MILESTONES
- PROCUREMENT DOCUMENTS
- PARTIES
- CONTRACT INFORMATION
- PERFORMANCE INFORMATION
- GALLERY
## Projects by Stage, Sector and State

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STAGE</th>
<th>SECTOR</th>
<th>STATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Development</td>
<td>Energy</td>
<td>Federal Capital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procurement</td>
<td>Industrial</td>
<td>Territory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation</td>
<td>Social &amp; Health</td>
<td>Abia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telecom</td>
<td>Adamawa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transport</td>
<td>Akwa Ibom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Water &amp; Waste</td>
<td>Anambra</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bauchi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Bayelsa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Benue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Borno</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Web Portal Sample

CONCESSION OF GRAIN STORAGE FACILITIES (SILOS)

Nigeria is the largest market in Sub-Saharan Africa both in terms of economic output and demand. However, historic strong and consistent GDP growth is now under pressure from external and internal prevailing market forces. The supply of grain in Nigeria is far in excess of 25m MT demand per annum. The silos complex will be better utilized for efficient grain reserve...

Read more

PROJECTS
PPP Success in Nigeria
Garki Hospital Abuja

- **Client:** FCT Health and Human Services
- **Sector:** Social Infrastructure - Health Sector
- **Year the project was signed:** 2007

This was concession to NISA Premier Hospital Ltd in 2007 for a period of fifteen years (15yrs).

The introduction of a public private partnership (PPP) arrangement in the hospital has been very effective in the delivery of services. The hospital performed its first successful heart surgery in July 2013 and also performed three (3) successful kidney transplants on the same day in November 2013. The hospital ranks in the top 50 of all evaluated hospitals in Nigeria.
Garki Hospital, Abuja - PPP

BEFORE

AFTER
Pre PPP Theatre
PPP Theatre: One Of Our 3 Theatres (June 2015 Cardiac Surgery)
PPP: ICU During June 2015
Cardiac Surgery
Pre PPP Radiology
PPP Radiology (CT Scanner)
Pre PPP Laboratory
PPP – One of our laboratories
Port Terminals

- Major Ports reform in 2004, to improve clogged, inefficient, and very expensive ports.
- Experienced private operators engaged through Concessions to rehabilitate and manage 24 port terminals.
- Months after the concession of the Apapa-Lagos container terminal, delays for berthing space had dwindled, and shipping lines reduced congestion surcharge from $525 to $75, saving the Nigerian economy significant sums.
- Goal of concession yet to be fully achieved due to external factors and actors.

Lessons

- Risk allocation should consider Government Capacity to deliver (channel depth, wrecks).
- The transaction lead agency should be the grantor who remains accountable for services.
- Success requires an integrated approach (Roads, Customs, Rail, Security, State Government).
Tin-Can Island Container Terminal (TICT)

Before 2006

After 2006
Tin-Can Island Container Terminal (TICT)

Before 2006

After 2006
## PPP Experience in Nigeria

### Sectoral Presentation of Projects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/No</th>
<th>Sectors/Projects</th>
<th>Number of Projects</th>
<th>% Composition of PPPs by Sector</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sea Ports and Marine Services</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>50.98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Power Sector Projects</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aviation Concessions</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Urban and District Engineering Infrastructure</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Social Infrastructure (Complexes)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5.88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Telecommunication Infrastructure</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Inland Container Depot (ICDs)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11.76%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Health Care Delivery Service</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Marine Security concession project</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Housing Development Project</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>National Iron Ore Mining</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.96%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Information Technology (National ID Card)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3.92%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>51</strong></td>
<td><strong>100</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Flagship Projects
**Project Description:** Develop 65 hectares of the 134 hectares fallow land around the theatre.
Ongoing Projects
Rail, Aviation, FCT and Agric

- NRC Narrow Guage
- Abuja Light Rail Lots 1A and 3
- Bus Rapid Transit for Cities
- Lagos, Abuja, Kano and Port Harcourt Airports
- Aircraft MRO Facility
- HCSF Staff Bus Concession – Very Early Concept Stage
- Silos Concession
Ports and ICDs

- Kirikiri Port Lighter Terminal I & II, Lagos.
- Lekki Deep Water Port
- Ibom and Bakassi Deepwater Ports
- Badagry Deep Water Port
- Ontisha Inland Container Depot (ICD), Anambra State
- Asaba Container Freight Station (CFS), Delta State
- Nnewi Inland Container Depot, Anambra State
- Gombe CFS, Gombe State
- Dagbolu Inland Container Depot, Osun State
- Lolo Inland Container Depot, Kebbi State
PPP Support Initiatives

- Nigeria Integrated Infrastructure Masterplan
- Nigeria Infrastructure Development Fund
- Nigerian Sovereign Investment Authority (NSIA) and Infra Credit Guarantee Fund
- PPP Units in MDAs
- Federal Roads and Bridges Tolling Policy
- Standardization Efforts (Business Case, Contracts etc)
- Disclosure
Conclusion

- The disclosure framework has been subjected to extensive stakeholders consultation with massive support for the proposal.

- The Framework is in line with global best practice, and in conformity with the FoI Act, 2011.

- Contract disclosure clauses have been inserted into the proposed ICRC Draft Amendment Bill and draft Regulations.

- The Diagnostic Report and the Disclosure Framework will be placed on the Commission’s website for easy access to the public.
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